

**III Year I Semester**

**L T P C**

**Code: 17CS502**

**3 1 0 3**

## **DESIGN OF ALOGORITHMS AND ANALYSIS**

### **OBJECTIVES:**

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to do the following:

1. Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
2. Write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms.
3. Demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data structures.
4. Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis.
5. Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations

### **UNIT-I:**

**Introduction:** Examples and motivation, Asymptotic complexity: informal concepts, formal notation, examples

**Searching and Sorting:** binary search, insertion sort, selection sort, merge sort, quick sort, stability and other issues.

### **UNIT-II:**

**Graphs:** Motivation, Directed acyclic graphs, Graph exploration: BFS, DFS, applications.

### **UNIT-III:**

Search Trees: Introduction, Traversals, insertions, deletions, Balancing, Priority queues, heaps

### **UNIT-IV:**

**Greedy :** Interval scheduling, Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm, Shortest paths: un weighted and weighted, Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra, Huffman coding.

### **UNIT-V:**

**Dynamic Programming:** weighted interval scheduling, memorization, 0/1 knapsack, Travelling Salesman Problem, matrix chain multiplication, shortest paths: Bellman Ford, Floyd, Warshall.

### **UNIT-VI:**

**Backtracking:** The General Method, The 8-Queens Problem, Sum of Subsets, Graph Coloring , Hamiltonian Cycles.

### **OUTCOMES:**

Students who complete the course will have demonstrated the ability to do the following:

- Argue the correctness of algorithms using inductive proofs and invariants.
- Analyze worst-case running times of algorithms using asymptotic analysis.
- Describe the divide-and-conquer paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize divide-and

conquer algorithms. Derive and solve recurrences describing the performance of divide and-conquer algorithms.

- Describe the dynamic-programming paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize dynamic programming algorithms, and analyze them.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of computer algorithms E. Horowitz S. Sahni, University Press
2. Introduction to Algorithms Thomas H. Cormen, PHI Learning

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D.Ullman
2. Algorithm Design, Jon Kleinberg, Pearson.